

Programme: The International EPD® System, www.environdec.com

Programme operator: EPD International AB

EPD registration number: S-P-07071
Publication date: 2022-12-02
Valid until: 2027-12-02

An EPD should provide current information and may be updated if conditions change. The stated validity is therefore subject to the continued registration and publication at www.environdec.com





Company information

	LK Systems AB
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Location of production site:	Italy

The EPD owner has the sole ownership, liability, and responsibility for the EPD.

EPDs within the same product category but from different programmes may not be comparable. EPDs of construction products may not be comparable if they do not comply with EN 15804. For further information about comparability, see EN 15804 and ISO 14025.

Programme information

Programme:	The International EPD® System								
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CEN standard EN 1	5804 serves as the Core Product Category Rules (PCR)								
Product category ru (1.11)	lles (PCR): 2019:14, Construction products (EN 15804:A2)								
PCR review was cor the International EP	nducted by: Claudia A. Peña, The Technical Committee of D® System.								
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Independent third-p ISO 14025:2006:	arty verification of the declaration and data, according to								
☐ EPD process certification ☒ EPD verification									
Third party verifier: Daniel Böckin, PhD, under guidance of Pär Lindman, Miljögiraff AB, daniel@miljogiraff.se.									
Approved by: The In	ternational EPD® System.								





Company information

LK Systems is the leading manufacturer of easy-to-install systems for heating and tap water distribution in the Nordics. Through our prefabrication factory, we also provide tailor-made solutions that simplify the installation process even further. From idea to final solution, you can be sure of the smartest answers for your everyday challenges, today and tomorrow

For the simpler, smarter everyday

Simpler. Smarter. More sustainable. At LK, we believe there's a better way to do everything. That's why – from water, heating and hydronic solutions to pipe extrusion – we push for innovation over status quo and simplicity over complexity. It's a belief all of us at LK apply to every product and solution we create

Product information

LK Manifold UNI comes in different types. Mainly they are extension manifold for heating- and potable water systems and manifold for heating- and tap water systems which is not extendable, used as a last manifold in when not wanting to expand further. The manifolds attach to the wall in the LK Manifold Bracket, or in LK Manifold Cabinet UNI. Manufactured from dezincification resistant brass, nickel plated (LK Manifold UNI-25-c/c 100 is not nickel plated).

LK Mini Manifolds are nickel plated manifold for connection to LK Minishunt M60n. The manifolds have integrated lock-shield valves for balancing the flow of the floor heating loops. The manifolds are available for connecting from 2 to 4 under floor heating loops. Delivered incl. angle fittings $\frac{1}{2}$ " male thread and necessary connection couplings for LK PE-X pipe dim 12 mm, PE-X and PAL dim 16 mm or PE-X dim 20 mm. Mounted on LK Minishunt M60n the building height will increase by approx 90 mm.

Further information can be found at https://www.lksystems.se/

Product	Product number
LK Manifold UNI	1870688; 1870689; 1870690; 1870691
LK Manifold UNI 2+2	1870785
LK Manifold UNI-25-c/c 50	1875287; 1875288
LK Manifold UNI-25-c/c 100	1875891; 1875892
LK Manifold UNI-Valve	1875893; 1875894; 1878217
LK Manifold Angle UNI	1881204; 1882563; 1882564
LK Manifold End UNI	1881205; 1881206
LK Manifold Angle VM	1882561
LK Mini Manifold	2417475; 2417476; 2417477; 2417478
	2417479; 2417480; 2417727; 2417728
	2417729

The EPD represents several product versions. The EPD is an average EPD and the declared unit is based on LK Manifold UNI. The result presented in the EPD has the average result of all products declared and the variations between the products stays within 10% (GWP-GHG). See appendix for total weight of the products included in the EPD.





I CA information

Functional unit / declared unit	In accordance with EN 15804 + A2 the declared unit is mass 1 kg.
Time representativeness:	2021
Database:	Ecoinvent 3.8 "allocation cut off by classification" is used throughout the study.
LCA software used:	SimaPro 9.4.0.2
Geographical scope	Global Production: Italy Construction site: Sweden
LCA Report	LK Systems AB, Report no. 7

Description of system boundaries:

The scope of the EPD is a cradle to gate with options, including A4, A5, C and D. See Table 1 for the modules declared. The system boundary mean that all processes needed for raw material extraction, transport, manufacturing and disposal are included in the study. Figure 1. gives an overview of the included processes.

Table 1, Modules declared, geographical scope, share of specific data (in GWP-GHG indicator) and data variation

	Prod	luct sta	age			Use stage							End of life stage				Resource recovery stage
	Raw material supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport	Construction installation	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	De-construction demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Reuse-Recovery-Recycling- potential
Module	A1	A2	А3	A4	A5	B1	B2	ВЗ	В4	В5	В6	В7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Modules declared	X	X	Χ	Χ	Χ	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ
Geog- raphy	IT	IT	EU	SE	SE								SE	SE	SE	SE	SE
Specific data used		Specifi artly sp			6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Variation – products	on <10%						-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Variation – sites							-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
X	X = Modules included in the analysis ND = Module not declared O= Optional modules																





Content information

Table 2, shows the weight for the raw material of the declared product.

Product components	Weight, kg	Post-consumer material, weight-%	Renewable material, weight-%
Brass	0,9949	45	0
Rubber	0,005	0	0
Nickel	0,0001	0	0
TOTAL	1	45	0
Packaging materials	Weight, kg	Weight-% (versus the	product)
Cardboard box	0,0229	2,29	
TOTAL	0,0229	2,29	

Declared product contains dangerous substances, lead, from the candidate list of SVHC for Authorisation. The content of lead is ≤2,8%.

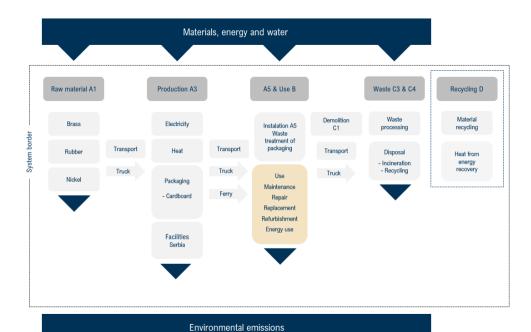


Figure 1, overview of the included processes. Light gray represents modules included, yellow represent models not declared.







Product life-cycle

Raw material supply, transport, manufacturing and packaging (A1-A3)

The raw materials that are included and calculated in the EPD are the material content for the product and the packaging materials for the raw materials.

LK Manifolds consist mostly of brass and smaller parts of rubber. The brass is delivered in bars that are cut in a machine and then hot stamped to the right shape. After the correct shape is made, the product is blanked and then sandblasted to smooth the surface. When the shape of the product is completed, it is nickel-plated, machined, and then washed. After that, the other components are assembled to the final product. After the manufacturing of the product is completed and pressure tested, it is packed in cardboard box, which is then stacked on a pallet.







Transport & installation (A4-A5)

Transportation impacts represent the transport from the final product's delivery to the construction site. The transport distance is based on average distance. The transportation is performed by truck with fuel. It is assumed that there are no environmental aspects during installation of the product, except the waste management of packaging after installation.

Product end of life (C1-C4, D)

The product end of life (C1) is assumed that there are no environmental aspects during demolition of the product. Brass is fully recyclable material and have a strong market position, therefore assumptions have taken that the product will end up in material recycling at 95% when the building, where the product is installed, is demolished and that the rubber parts end up in combustible waste afterwards. For the packaging, it has been assumed that the cardboard box is material recycled at 78%. The finished products are packed on a wooden pallet with packaging film. It has been assumed that the wooden pallet is reused and that the plastic ends up in combustible waste with energy recovery efficiency at 61%. The product assumed to be sent to the nearest waste facility. The benefits in the resource recovery stage will be mostly material recycling and a smaller part energy recovery.

Cut-off rules

Life cycle inventory data shall according to EN 15804 include a minimum of 95% of total inflows (mass and energy) per module. In addition, if less than 100% of the inflows are accounted for, proxy data or extrapolation should be used to achieve 100% completeness.

Background data

The data quality of the background data is considered good. All specific data that includes processes, volume of different materials, energy & water usage and transport distance has been collected by questionnaire and personal contact with the manufacturer. Ecoinvent database has been used. Ecoinvent is the world's biggest LCI data library and contains data for the specific geographical regions relevant for this study, which have been analysed to be the most suitable for the various steps in the process. Information on biogenic carbon content is calculated with the formula from EN 350-2 and information from IVL. Collected data represent average yearly data for 2021 and assumed to be representative for the EPDs period of validity of 5 years.

Electricity data

The electricity consumption in the A3 module accounts for less than 30% of the total energy use in module A1-A3. The electricity used is an electricity mix from Italy, modulated with Ecoinvent 3.8.





Allocation and assumptions

The declare unit values for 1 kg of product that is used in this study and is calculated, based on the total product weight produced during the year studied. The content of raw material can vary slightly between the different dimensions of the product and are examined with high accuracy that they variation of GWP-GHG stays within 10%. Data is allocated for the energy use of the declared unit. The allocation is based on production rate with complexity and high accuracy. The raw material necessary for the manufacturing and the amount of packaging is allocated to product based on the amount of material used to manufacture the declare unit, including waste. Allocation is made with complexity and high accuracy. The declared unit is based on the LK Manifold UNI. The variance of the declared products is less than 10%, that is based according to data quality requirements outlined in PCR 2019:14

The used product is assumed to be transported 50 km to the nearest waste disposal facility. The waste treatment assumption has resulted in that the product will get material recycle as metal. The waste treatment builds and presupposes that the product is installed in the building and that it is deconstruct when the building demolished. The product is assumed to be material recycled at 95% and the cardboard box is assumed to be material recycled at 78%. The rubber part in the product and the plastic in the packaging are assumed to be incinerated with energy recovery efficiency at 61%.



Recycling of packaging and product

Within the framework of producer responsibility, LK are affiliated with FTI, the Packaging and Newspaper Collection, which is the business community's collection system for recycling packaging. Packaging shall recycle as carton. None of the packaging material are classified as hazardous waste. The product shall be material recycled as metal.





Environmental information

Potential environmental impact – mandatory indicators according to EN 15804. Results of declared unit of the study.

Results per declared unit

Indicator	Unit	A1	A2	A3	Tot.A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
GWP-fossil	kg CO2 eq.	2,89E+00	4,17E-03	5,82E-02	2,95E+00	3,67E-01	1,81E-02	0	6,56E-03	1,91E-04	3,10E-07	-2,71E+00
GWP-biogenic	kg CO2 eq.	2,60E-02	3,75E-06	-7,67E-03	1,84E-02	3,30E-04	2,61E-06	0	6,41E-06	1,57E-06	1,93E-09	-2,26E-02
GWP-luluc	kg CO2 eq.	6,58E-03	1,64E-06	1,63E-04	6,75E-03	1,44E-04	4,39E-07	0	2,67E-06	2,30E-07	1,08E-10	-6,35E-03
GWP-total	kg CO2 eq.	2,92E+00	4,18E-03	5,06E-02	2,98E+00	3,68E-01	1,81E-02	0	6,57E-03	1,93E-04	3,12E-07	-2,74E+00
ODP	kg CFC 11 eq.	1,69E-07	9,65E-10	4,55E-09	1,74E-07	8,50E-08	1,83E-10	0	1,54E-09	7,84E-11	1,42E-13	-1,58E-07
AP	mol H+ eq.	1,93E-01	1,69E-05	2,44E-04	1,93E-01	1,50E-03	6,46E-06	0	3,72E-05	2,15E-06	2,47E-09	-1,83E-01
EP-freshwater	kg PO ₄ ³⁻ eq.	4,72E-02	8,25E-07	5,54E-05	4,72E-02	7,26E-05	3,62E-07	0	1,36E-06	2,01E-07	5,38E-09	-4,48E-02
EP-freshwater	kg P eq.	1,54E-02	2,69E-07	1,80E-05	1,54E-02	2,36E-05	1,18E-07	0	4,43E-07	6,55E-08	1,75E-09	-1,46E-02
EP-marine	kg N eq.	1,03E-02	5,10E-06	8,60E-05	1,04E-02	4,50E-04	3,07E-06	0	1,35E-05	8,05E-07	3,38E-07	-9,75E-03
EP-terrestrial	mol N eq.	1,39E-01	5,57E-05	6,40E-04	1,40E-01	4,92E-03	2,90E-05	0	1,47E-04	9,12E-06	9,46E-09	-1,32E-01
POCP	kg NMVOC eq.	3,82E-02	1,71E-05	1,93E-04	3,84E-02	1,51E-03	7,59E-06	0	4,21E-05	2,44E-06	2,76E-09	-3,62E-02
ADP- minerals&metals ²	kg Sb eq.	4,83E-03	1,45E-08	2,45E-07	4,83E-03	1,28E-06	3,60E-09	0	2,20E-08	1,90E-09	9,20E-13	-4,59E-03
ADP-fossil ²	MJ	3,66E+01	6,31E-02	1,05E+00	3,77E+01	5,55E+00	7,55E-03	0	1,01E-01	2,25E-03	9,53E-06	-3,43E+01
WDP ²	m3	3,55E+00	1,89E-04	2,80E-02	3,57E+00	1,66E-02	2,21E-04	0	3,32E-04	1,38E-04	3,45E-08	-3,35E+00

Acronyms

GWP-fossil = Global Warming Potential fossil fuels; GWP-biogenic = Global Warming Potential biogenic; GWP-luluc = Global Warming Potential land use and land use change; ODP = Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer; AP = Acidification potential, Accumulated Exceedance; EP-freshwater = Eutrophication potential, fraction of nutrients reaching freshwater end compartment; EP-terrestrial = Eutrophication potential, Accumulated Exceedance; POCP = Formation potential of tropospheric ozone; ADP-minerals&metals = Abiotic depletion potential for non-fossil resources; ADP-fossil = Abiotic depletion for fossil resources potential; WDP = Water (user) deprivation potential, deprivation-weighted water consumption





Potential environmental impact – additional mandatory indicators according to EN 15804.

Results per declared unit

Indicator	Unit	A1	A2	A3	Tot.A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Particulate matter	disease inc.	4,47E-07	3,60E-10	2,90E-09	4,50E-07	3,17E-08	2,44E-10	0	7,26E-10	1,82E-11	4,98E-14	-4,21E-07
Ionnising radiation ¹	kBq U-235 eq	3,86E-01	3,24E-04	4,46E-03	3,91E-01	2,85E-02	4,88E-05	0	5,21E-04	1,85E-05	4,73E-08	-3,64E-01
Ecotoxicity, freshwater ²	CTUe	1,61E+03	4,92E-02	8,07E-01	1,62E+03	4,33E+00	5,11E-02	0	8,00E-02	3,74E-03	2,76E-02	-1,53E+03
Human toxicity, cancer ²	CTUh	3,70E-08	1,59E-12	2,46E-11	3,70E-08	1,40E-10	3,68E-12	0	3,19E-12	1,52E-12	8,20E-13	-3,51E-08
Human toxicity, non-cancer ²	CTUh	2,59E-06	5,17E-11	5,33E-10	2,59E-06	4,55E-09	3,66E-11	0	9,23E-11	3,22E-12	1,71E-11	-2,45E-06
Land use ²	Pt	6,39E+01	4,33E-02	1,11E+00	6,50E+01	3,81E+00	3,78E-03	0	8,62E-02	6,39E-04	3,31E-05	-6,17E+01

Disclaimer 1 – This impact category deals mainly with the eventual impact of low dose ionizing radiation on human health of the nuclear fuel cycle. It does not consider effects due to possible nuclear accidents, occupational exposure nor due to radioactive waste disposal in underground facilities. Potential ionizing radiation from the soil, from radon and from some construction materials is also not measured by this indicator.

Disclaimer 2 – The results of this environmental impact indicator shall be used with care as the uncertainties on these results are high or as there is limited experienced with the indicator.

Climate impact IPCC 2013 GWP 100

Results per declared unit

Indicator	Unit	A1	A2	A3	Tot.A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
GWP-GHG	kg CO2 eq.	2,85E+00	4,14E-03	5,85E-02	2,91E+00	3,64E-01	1,81E-02	0	6,51E-03	1,88E-04	3,07E-07	-2,67E+00

The indicator includes all greenhouse gases included in GWP-total but excludes biogenic carbon dioxide uptake and emissions and biogenic carbon stored in the product. This indicator is thus almost equal to the GWP indicator originally defined in EN 15804:2012+A1:2013.





Use of resources

Results per declared unit

Indicator	Unit	A1	A2	A3	Tot.A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
PERE	MJ	9,10E+00	8,89E-04	2,48E-01	9,35E+00	7,82E-02	3,68E-04	0	1,45E-03	2,09E-04	3,01E-07	-8,83E+00
PERM	MJ	0	0	3,32E-01	3,32E-01	0		0	0	0	0	0
PERT	MJ	9,10E+00	8,89E-04	5,80E-01	9,68E+00	7,82E-02	3,68E-04	0	1,45E-03	2,09E-04	3,01E-07	-8,83E+00
PENRE	MJ	3,90E+01	6,70E-02	1,12E+00	4,02E+01	5,89E+00	8,05E-03	0	1,07E-01	2,41E-03	1,01E-05	-3,65E+01
PENRM	MJ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
PENRT	MJ	3,90E+01	6,70E-02	1,12E+00	4,02E+01	5,89E+00	0	0	1,07E-01	2,41E-03	1,01E-05	-3,65E+01
SM	kg	4,48E-01	0	2,21E-02	4,70E-01	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RSF	MJ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NRSF	MJ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
FW	m3	1,25E-01	1,06E-05	7,75E-04	1,25E-01	9,29E-04	1,04E-05	0	1,87E-05	6,40E-06	1,01E-08	-1,19E-01

Acronyms

PERE = Use of renewable primary energy excluding renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERM = Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERT = Total use of renewable primary energy resources; PENRE = Use of non-renewable primary energy excluding non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PENRM = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources; SM = Use of secondary materials; PENRT = Total use of non-renewable primary energy re-sources; SM = Use of secondary materials; PENRT = Use of net fresh water





Waste production and output flows

Waste production

Results per declared unit

Indicator	Unit	A1	A2	A3	Tot.A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Hazardous waste disposed	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Non-hazardous waste disposed	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Radioactive waste disposed	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Note: Ecoinvent database include all waste treatment processes within the system boundaries, i.e. there are no waste flows exiting the system boundaries and the waste indicators to be declared are therefore zero.

Output flows

Results declared unit

Indicator	Unit	A1	A2	A3	Tot.A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Components for re-use	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Material for recycling	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Materials for energy recovery	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Exported energy, electricity	MJ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Exported energy, thermal	MJ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0





Information on biogenic carbon content

Results per functional or declared unit

BIOGENIC CARBON CONTENT	Unit	QUANTITY
Biogenic carbon content in product	kg C	0
Biogenic carbon content in packaging	kg C	7,00E-03

Note: 1 kg biogenic carbon is equivalent to 44/12 kg CO2.

Additional information - declared products

Product	Product number	Weight (kg)	Weight with packaging (kg)
LK Manifold UNI	1870688	0,253	0,265
	1870689	0,264	0,287
	1870690	0,354	0,371
	1870691	0,488	0,515
LK Manifold UNI 2+2	1870785	0,29	0,308
LK Manifold UNI-25-c/c 50	1875287	0,292	0,32
	1875288	0,444	0,472
LK Manifold UNI-25-c/c 100	1875891	0,505	0,534
	1875892	0,787	0,82
LK Manifold UNI-Valve	1875893	0,364	0,387
	1875894	0,545	0,568
	1878217	0,72	0,762
LK Manifold Angle UNI	1881204	0,256	0,267
	1882563	0,052	0,057
	1882564	0,043	0,048
LK Manifold End UNI	1881205	0,19	0,207
	1881206	0,293	0,305
LK Manifold Angle VM	1882561	0,25	0,261
LK Mini Manifold	2417475	1,393	1,472
	2417476	1,865	1,955
	2417477	2,341	2,431
	2417478	1,382	1,462
	2417479	1,831	1,921
	2417480	2,393	2,483
	2417727	1,472	1,552
	2417728	2,083	2,163
	2417729	2,45	2,54





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